

2024 Safety calendar







How the calendar works

Each calendar date has a daily safety topic listed. After December there are talking points listed that correspond with the safety topic for that date. Supervisors can use the talking points to assist in communicating the safety message for the day. The safety topics in the calendar repeat every few months.

The information in the calendar is an accumulation of recommended practices. It should be of great value to your operation. Management generating safety awareness is a key practice to help control and reduce claims and related expenses.

The safety topics provided cover slip, trip, and fall prevention, powered material handling, manual material handling, cutting safety, fire extinguisher safety, sprinkler system testing, industrial rack/module safety and many other topics.



January

			Janiaary			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Let's kick off a safe new year!	1 Know where the emergency eyewash stations/drenching facilities are located and how to use them. New Year's Day	2 Buckle up when traveling to and from work.	3 All accidents must be reported within 24 hours.	4 What is the proper way to lift a carton/object?	5 Non-DC employees should not be allowed to enter unless	6 Are all stairwells clear and free of obstruction?
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Lacerations by box cutters are common in many industries	When beginning work on order pickers (aka cherry pickers) and related high reach/lift equipment	They say hindsight is a perfect science	Taking shortcuts can lead to accidents.	When do I report an injury or accident to my supervisor?	Before you begin to lift an object	Do all electrical outlets have secure face plates?
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Text messaging or talking on a cell phone while driving is classified as distracted driving.	Make sure to keep working areas clean to prevent slips, trips, and falls.	Never defeat a safety device	Forklifts, and other powered material handling equipment, must be checked at the beginning of each shift (brake, horns, steering, fire extinguisher and other controls for proper operation).	Report damage to ladders immediately; never use damaged ladders.	Your company has an emergency plan.	Are all fire extinguishers fully charged and easily accessible?
	MLK Jr's Birthday					
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Protect your hearing, always.	Forklift safety fact	Use good judgment and take action to eliminate unsafe acts!	Document non- functional lights and repair ASAP!	Good shoes are essential to a good safety program.	Report missing fire extinguishers.	Why wear safety shoes?
28	29	30	31			
Do not take shortcuts!	Fire extinguishers, sprinkler risers, and fire alarm equipment.	Proper extension cord use is important in preventing slips, trips, and falls.	Are switches in electrical panels properly labeled?			



February

			i Cbi dai y			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
By Feb 1, Post OSHA 300A summary log in a conspicuous place or places where notices to employees are customarily posted. Lent starts on the 14th				1 Equipment powered by air, gas, electricity, or other energy sources should be locked out and/or tagged out before work on that equipment begins.	2 Cardboard baler safety	3 Keep storage away from electrical panels.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A minimum width of 36 inches must be maintained in all exit pathways.	Correct or report slip, trip, and fall hazards.	Powered material handling equipment and industrial vehicles require caution for operators and pedestrians.	Before an incident occurs, post emergency numbers.	Ensure adequate clearance (at least 18 inches) for materials stored near sprinkler heads to permit proper functioning of the system.	When you have an object to lift that is too heavy or bulky, get help!	What is the two-person approach to slip, trip, or fall prevention?
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
DC Safety inspections are not complete until they are documented.	Misuse of chemicals or cleaning agents can be dangerous.	When you work with chemicals, you have a right to know	Do you know where materials are located to clean up spills or debris?	Exit signs with arrows should correctly reflect the direction of travel to exit the building.	Fire extinguisher basics.	A key to preventing eye incidents is to always wear the proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when required.
			Valentine's Day			
18 Pallets should be maintained in good, safe operating condition.	19 Do not jump out of or climb through dock doors.	20 Are all electrical panels properly covered?	21 What is safety accountability?	Take extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service.	Why do we have safety meetings?	24 Never climb racking or step onto elevated racking.
	President's Day					
25 We should wear our Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).	26 Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them.	27 Confirm sprinkler systems are tested.	28 Are you prepared for emergencies?	29 Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps.		



March

			IVIAI CII			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Daylight Savings Starts: Check the batteries in your smoke and carbon monoxide detectors and replace if necessary.					1 What does <i>building a</i> <i>bridge</i> mean regarding back safety?	2 Bloodborne pathogens: what are <i>Universal</i> Precautions?
3 Use proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when watering forklift or industrial truck batteries.	4 AEDs - what do you know about them?	5 Report damage to ladders immediately; do not use damaged ladders.	6 Do you know what an 'SDS' is?	7 How you respond can make all the difference, when investigating accidents and injuries.	8 Check compactors to confirm all safety controls are in place.	9 Do not let a near miss go unreported.
10 Conveyor Safety	11 Immediately clean up any spills on the floor that could cause someone to slip and fall.	12 Lockout/tagout-affected employees.	13 Why do my shoulders ache after a hard day at work?	14 Keep your work area clean and orderly.	Anticipate Risk : A key phrase in accident prevention.	16 First aid kits/First aid logs.
17 Snow and ice control.	18 Pallet safety	Secure compressed gas cylinders to prevent them from falling over, injuring people, and possibly becoming an unguided missile.	20 You receive a bomb threat. What do you do?	An uncluttered distribution center shows respect for those who visit and work there.	The handling of empty pallets may seem like a routine job, but do not be fooled!	Do you know where the closest fire extinguisher is located and how to use it?
St. Patrick's Day						
24 Stretch and flex to prevent accidents.	25 Remember that there is no smoking in the workplace.	26 Oh, my aching back!	27 Fire exits and aisles.	When choosing a box cutter, you need the right one for the job. Always use a safety-type box cutter.	When on a ladder, remember and practice the <i>belt buckle rule</i> .	30 Flammable and combustible materials should be minimized.
31 Know your responsibility in every emergency situation.						



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April

			Дріп			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
At the end of the month, take down and file the OSHA 300A summary log with your permanent records.	1 Know where the emergency eyewash stations/drenching facilities are located and how to use them.	2 Buckle up when traveling to and from work.	3 All accidents must be reported within 24 hours.	4 What is the proper way to lift a carton/object?	5 Non-DC employees should not be allowed to enter unless	6 Are all stairwells clear and free of obstruction?
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Lacerations by box cutters are common in many industries	When beginning work on order pickers (aka cherry pickers) and related high reach/lift equipment	They say hindsight is a perfect science	Taking shortcuts can lead to accidents.	When do I report an injury or accident to my supervisor?	Before you begin to lift an object	Do all electrical outlets have secure face plates?
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Text messaging or talking on a cell phone while driving is classified as distracted driving.	Make sure to keep working areas clean to prevent slips, trips, and falls.	Never defeat a safety device	Forklifts, and other powered material handling equipment, must be checked at the beginning of each shift (brake, horns, steering, fire extinguisher and other controls for proper operation).	Report damage to ladders immediately; never use damaged ladders.	Your company has an emergency plan.	Are all fire extinguishers fully charged and easily accessible?
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Protect your hearing, always.	Forklift safety fact Passover	Use good judgment and take action to eliminate unsafe acts!	Document non- functional lights and repair ASAP!	Good shoes are essential to a good safety program.	Report missing fire extinguishers.	Why wear safety shoes?
28	29	30				
Do not take shortcuts!	Fire extinguishers, sprinkler risers, and fire alarm equipment.	Proper extension cord use is important in preventing slips, trips, and falls.				



May

Sunday Control of Mayor Con				ividy			
S S Part	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Concord Mayo				Equipment powered by air, gas, electricity, or other energy sources should be locked out and/or tagged out before work on that equipment		Keep storage away from	A minimum width of 36 inches must be maintained in all exit
crip, and fall hazards. Inadding equipment and industrial vehicles require caution for pedestrians. Cinco de Mayo 12 13 When you work with chemicals or cleaning agents can be dangerous. Mother's Day Mother's Day Mother's Day Mother's Day 20 Are all electrical panels properly covered? Are all electrical panels properly covered? Are all electrical panels properly covered? Page 20 Are all electrical panels properly covered? Are all electrical panels properly covered? Page 20 Are all electrical panels properly covered? Are all electrical panels properly covered? Page 30 Are all electrical panels properly electrical panels properly covered? Page 30 Are all electrical panels properly electrical panels properly covered? Page 30 Are all electrical panels properly electrical panels properly covered? Page 30 Are all electrical panels properly electrical panels properly covered? Page 30 Are all electrical panels properly electrical pa	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Misuse of chemicals or deaning agents can be dangerous. Mother's Day 19 Do not jump out of or climb through dock doors. 20 Are all electrical panels properly covered? 21 What is safety accountability? 22 Take extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service. 23 When you work with chemicals, you have a right to know 24 The extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service. 25 What is safety accountability? 27 De aware of skylights on proofs so that you do not fall through them. 28 Are you prepared for emergencies? 29 Please use the handralis when using stairs and steps. 30 The extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service. 30 The extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service. 30 The extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service. 30 The extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service. 31 The Akey to preventing eye incidents is to always wear the proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). The pallets should be maintained in good, safe operating condition. 25 Why do we have safety meetings? 27 Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. 28 Are you prepared for emergencies? 29 Please use the handralis when using stairs and steps. 30 The extraguisher basics: using stairs and steps. 31 Wheels must be chocked, or trailler restraints engaged at all times quirloading of traillers.		handling equipment and industrial vehicles require caution for operators and	occurs, post emergency	clearance (at least 18 inches) for materials stored near sprinkler heads to permit proper functioning of the	to lift that is too heavy or	approach to slip, trip, or	not complete until they
Mother's Day 20 Are all electrical panels croperly covered? 21 Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them. 28 Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them. 29 Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. 20 Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. 20 Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. 20 Do not jump out of or climb through dock doors. 27 Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. 28 Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. 28 Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. 29 Confirm sprinkler t	Cinco de Mayo						
deaning agents can be dangerous. Mother's Day 19 Do not jump out of or climb through dock doors. Are all electrical panels properly covered? Are properly covered? 27 Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them. 27 Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. 28 Are you prepared for emergencies? 29 Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps. 29 Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps. 29 Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps. 29 Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps. 29 When taking fire protections systems out of service. 29 Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps. 29 Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps. 29 When taking fire protections systems out of service use the PASS system to put out the fire. 29 Whe so use the passes: use the PASS system to put out the fire. 29 Whe smust be chocked, or trailer restraints engaged at all times during the loading/unloading of trailers.	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Do not jump out of or climb through dock doors. 20 Are all electrical panels properly covered? 21 What is safety accountability? 22 Take extra precautions when taking fire protections systems out of service. 24 Never climb racking or step onto elevated racking. 25 We should wear our Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). 26 Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them. 27 Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. 28 Are you prepared for emergencies? 29 Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps. 30 Fire extinguisher basics: use the PASS system to put out the fire. Where climb racking or step onto elevated racking. 25 We should wear our Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Why do we have safety meetings? Where climb racking or step onto elevated racking. Simple systems are tested. Where Imple sust the handrails when using stairs and steps. Wheels must be chocked, or trailer restraints engaged at all times during the loading/ unloading of trailers.	cleaning agents can be	chemicals, you have a	materials are located to	should correctly reflect the direction of travel to	Fire extinguisher basics.	incidents is to always wear the proper Personal Protective Equipment	maintained in good, safe
Do not jump out of or climb through dock doors. Are all electrical panels properly covered? What is safety accountability? Take extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service. Take extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service. Why do we have safety meetings? Never climb racking or step onto elevated racking. We should wear our Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). 28 Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them. Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. Are you prepared for emergencies? Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps. Fire extinguisher basics: use the PASS system to put out the fire. Wheels must be chocked, or trailer restraints engaged at all times during the loading/ unloading of trailers.	Mother's Day						
Do not jump out of or climb through dock doors. Are all electrical panels properly covered? What is safety accountability? Take extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service. Take extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service. Why do we have safety meetings? Never climb racking or step onto elevated racking. We should wear our Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). 28 Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them. Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. Are you prepared for emergencies? Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps. Fire extinguisher basics: use the PASS system to put out the fire. Wheels must be chocked, or trailer restraints engaged at all times during the loading/ unloading of trailers.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them. Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. Confirm sprinkler systems are tested. Are you prepared for emergencies? Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps. Fire extinguisher basics: use the PASS system to put out the fire. Wheels must be chocked, or trailer restraints engaged at all times during the loading/ unloading of trailers.	Do not jump out of or climb through dock	Are all electrical panels	What is safety	Take extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of	Why do we have safety	Never climb racking or step onto elevated	We should wear our Personal Protective
	Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not	Confirm sprinkler	Are you prepared for	Please use the handrails when using stairs and	Fire extinguisher basics: use the <i>PASS</i> system to	Wheels must be chocked, or trailer restraints engaged at all times during the loading/	



June

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
						1 What does <i>building a</i> <i>bridge</i> mean regarding back safety?
2 Bloodborne pathogens: what are <i>Universal</i> <i>Precautions</i> ?	3 Use proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when watering forklift or industrial truck batteries.	4 AEDs - what do you know about them?	5 Report damage to ladders immediately; do not use damaged ladders.	6 Do you know what an 'SDS' is?	7 How you respond can make all the difference, when investigating accidents and injuries.	8 Check compactors to confirm all safety controls are in place.
9 Do not let a near miss go	10 Conveyor Safety	11 Immediately clean up any	12 Lockout/tagout-affected	13 Why do my shoulders	14 Keep your work area	15 Anticipate Risk: A key
unreported.	comeyor surely	spills on the floor that could cause someone to slip and fall.	employees.	ache after a hard day at work?	clean and orderly.	phrase in accident prevention.
16 First aid kits/First aid logs.	17 Snow and ice control.	18 Pallet safety	Secure compressed gas cylinders to prevent them from falling over, injuring people, and possibly becoming an unguided missile.	20 You receive a bomb threat. What do you do?	An uncluttered distribution center shows respect for those who visit and work there.	The handling of empty pallets may seem like a routine job, but do not be fooled!
23 Do you know where the closest fire extinguisher is located and how to use it?	24 Stretch and flex to prevent accidents.	25 Remember that there is no smoking in the workplace.	Juneteenth 26 Oh, my aching back!	27 Fire exits and aisles.	When choosing a box cutter, you need the right one for the job. Always use a safety-type box cutter.	29 When on a ladder, remember and practice the <i>belt buckle rule</i> .
30 Flammable and combustible materials should be minimized.						



July

			July			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	1 Know where the emergency eyewash stations/drenching facilities are located and how to use them.	2 Buckle up when traveling to and from work.	3 All accidents must be reported within 24 hours.	4 What is the proper way to lift a carton/object?	5 Non-DC employees should not be allowed to enter unless	6 Are all stairwells clear and free of obstruction?
				Independence Day		
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Lacerations by box cutters are common in many industries	When beginning work on order pickers (aka cherry pickers) and related high reach/lift equipment	They say hindsight is a perfect science	Taking shortcuts can lead to accidents.	When do I report an injury or accident to my supervisor?	Before you begin to lift an object	Do all electrical outlets have secure face plates?
14 Text messaging or talking on a cell phone while driving is classified as distracted driving.	Make sure to keep working areas clean to prevent slips, trips, and falls.	16 Never defeat a safety device	Forklifts, and other powered material handling equipment, must be checked at the beginning of each shift (brake, horns, steering, fire extinguisher and other controls for proper operation).	Report damage to ladders immediately; never use damaged ladders.	19 Your company has an emergency plan.	20 Are all fire extinguishers fully charged and easily accessible?
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Protect your hearing, always.	Forklift safety fact	Use good judgment and take action to eliminate unsafe acts!	Document non- functional lights and repair ASAP!	Good shoes are essential to a good safety program.	Report missing fire extinguishers.	Why wear safety shoes?
28	29	30	31			
Do not take shortcuts!	Fire extinguishers, sprinkler risers, and fire alarm equipment.	Proper extension cord use is important in preventing slips, trips, and falls.	Are switches in electrical panels properly labeled?			



August

			710180130			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
The new school year is coming, watch for buses!				1 Equipment powered by air, gas, electricity, or other energy sources should be locked out and/or tagged out before work on that equipment begins.	2 Cardboard baler safety	3 Keep storage away from electrical panels.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A minimum width of 36 inches must be maintained in all exit pathways.	Correct or report slip, trip, and fall hazards.	Powered material handling equipment and industrial vehicles require caution for operators and pedestrians.	Before an incident occurs, post emergency numbers.	Ensure adequate clearance (at least 18 inches) for materials stored near sprinkler heads to permit proper functioning of the system.	When you have an object to lift that is too heavy or bulky, get help!	What is the two-person approach to slip, trip, or fall prevention?
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
DC Safety inspections are not complete until they are documented.	Misuse of chemicals or cleaning agents can be dangerous.	When you work with chemicals, you have a right to know	Do you know where materials are located to clean up spills or debris?	Exit signs with arrows should correctly reflect the direction of travel to exit the building.	Fire extinguisher basics.	A key to preventing eye incidents is to always wear the proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when required.
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Pallets should be maintained in good, safe operating condition.	Do not jump out of or climb through dock doors.	Are all electrical panels properly covered?	What is safety accountability?	Take extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service.	Why do we have safety meetings?	Never climb racking or step onto elevated racking.
25	26	27	28	29	30	31
We should wear our Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).	Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them.	Confirm sprinkler systems are tested.	Are you prepared for emergencies?	Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps.	Fire extinguisher basics: use the <i>PASS</i> system to put out the fire.	Wheels must be chocked, or trailer restraints engaged at all times during the loading/ unloading of trailers.



September

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1 What does <i>building a</i> <i>bridge</i> mean regarding back safety?	Bloodborne pathogens: what are Universal Precautions?	3 Use proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when watering forklift or industrial truck batteries.	4 AEDs - what do you know about them?	5 Report damage to ladders immediately; do not use damaged ladders.	6 Do you know what an 'SDS' is?	7 How you respond can make all the difference, when investigating accidents and injuries.
	Labor Day					
8 Check compactors to confirm all safety controls are in place.	9 Do not let a near miss go unreported.	10 Conveyor Safety	11 Immediately clean up any spills on the floor that could cause someone to slip and fall.	12 Lockout/tagout-affected employees.	13 Why do my shoulders ache after a hard day at work?	14 Keep your work area clean and orderly.
15 Anticipate Risk: A key phrase in accident prevention.	16 First aid kits/First aid logs.	17 Snow and ice control.	18 Pallet safety	Secure compressed gas cylinders to prevent them from falling over, injuring people, and possibly becoming an unguided missile.	20 You receive a bomb threat. What do you do?	An uncluttered distribution center shows respect for those who visit and work there.
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
The handling of empty pallets may seem like a routine job, but do not be fooled!	Do you know where the closest fire extinguisher is located and how to use it?	Stretch and flex to prevent accidents.	Remember that there is no smoking in the workplace.	Oh, my aching back!	Fire exits and aisles.	When choosing a box cutter, you need the right one for the job. Always use a safety-type box cutter.
When on a ladder, remember and practice the belt buckle rule.	30 Flammable and combustible materials should be minimized.					



October

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	,	1	2	3	4	5
		I Know where the emergency eyewash stations/drenching facilities are located and how to use them.	Buckle up when traveling to and from work.	All accidents must be reported within 24 hours.	What is the proper way to lift a carton/object?	Non-DC employees should not be allowed to enter unless
			Rosh Hashanah			
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Are all stairwells clear and free of obstruction?	Lacerations by box cutters are common in many industries	When beginning work on order pickers (aka cherry pickers) and related high reach/lift equipment	They say hindsight is a perfect science	Taking shortcuts can lead to accidents.	When do I report an injury or accident to my supervisor?	Before you begin to lift an object
					Yom Kippur	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Do all electrical outlets have secure face plates?	Text messaging or talking on a cell phone while driving is classified as distracted driving.	Make sure to keep working areas clean to prevent slips, trips, and falls.	Never defeat a safety device	Forklifts, and other powered material handling equipment, must be checked at the beginning of each shift (brake, horns, steering, fire extinguisher and other controls for proper operation).	Report damage to ladders immediately; never use damaged ladders.	Your company has an emergency plan.
	Columbus Day					
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Are all fire extinguishers fully charged and easily accessible?	Protect your hearing, always.	Forklift safety fact	Use good judgment and take action to eliminate unsafe acts!	Document non- functional lights and repair ASAP!	Good shoes are essential to a good safety program.	Report missing fire extinguishers.
27	28	29	30	31		
Why wear safety shoes?	Do not take shortcuts!	Fire extinguishers, sprinkler risers, and fire alarm equipment.	Proper extension cord use is important in preventing slips, trips, and falls.	Are switches in electrical panels properly labeled?		



November

			INOVCITIBLE			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Daylight Savings Ends: Check the batteries in your smoke and carbon monoxide detectors and replace if necessary.					1 Equipment powered by air, gas, electricity, or other energy sources should be locked out and/or tagged out before work on that equipment begins.	2 Cardboard baler safety
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Keep storage away from electrical panels.	A minimum width of 36 inches must be maintained in all exit pathways.	Correct or report slip, trip, and fall hazards.	Powered material handling equipment and industrial vehicles require caution for operators and pedestrians.	Before an incident occurs, post emergency numbers.	Ensure adequate clearance (at least 18 inches) for materials stored near sprinkler heads to permit proper functioning of the system.	When you have an object to lift that is too heavy or bulky, get help!
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
What is the two-person approach to slip, trip, or fall prevention?	DC Safety inspections are not complete until they are documented.	Misuse of chemicals or cleaning agents can be dangerous.	When you work with chemicals, you have a right to know	Do you know where materials are located to clean up spills or debris?	Exit signs with arrows should correctly reflect the direction of travel to exit the building.	Fire extinguisher basics.
	Veterans Day					
17 A key to preventing eye incidents is to always wear the proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when required.	18 Pallets should be maintained in good, safe operating condition.	19 Do not jump out of or climb through dock doors.	20 Are all electrical panels properly covered?	21 What is safety accountability?	Take extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service.	Why do we have safety meetings?
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Never climb racking or step onto elevated racking.	We should wear our Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).	Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them.	Confirm sprinkler systems are tested.	Are you prepared for emergencies?	Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps.	Fire extinguisher basics: use the <i>PASS</i> system to put out the fire.



December

			December			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1 What does <i>building a</i> <i>bridge</i> mean regarding back safety?	2 Bloodborne pathogens: what are <i>Universal</i> <i>Precautions</i> ?	3 Use proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when watering forklift or industrial truck batteries.	4 AEDs - what do you know about them?	5 Report damage to ladders immediately; do not use damaged ladders.	6 Do you know what an 'SDS' is?	7 How you respond can make all the difference, when investigating accidents and injuries.
Advent Starts						
8 Check compactors to confirm all safety controls are in place.	9 Do not let a near miss go unreported.	10 Conveyor Safety	11 Immediately clean up any spills on the floor that could cause someone to slip and fall.	12 Lockout/tagout-affected employees.	13 Why do my shoulders ache after a hard day at work?	14 Keep your work area clean and orderly.
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Anticipate Risk: A key phrase in accident prevention.	First aid kits/First aid logs.	Snow and ice control.	Pallet safety	Secure compressed gas cylinders to prevent them from falling over, injuring people, and possibly becoming an unguided missile.	You receive a bomb threat. What do you do?	An uncluttered distribution center shows respect for those who visit and work there.
The handling of empty pallets may seem like a routine job, but do not be fooled!	Do you know where the closest fire extinguisher is located and how to use it?	24 Stretch and flex to prevent accidents.	Remember that there is no smoking in the workplace.	26 Oh, my aching back!	27 Fire exits and aisles.	When choosing a box cutter, you need the right one for the job. Always use a safety-type box cutter.
29	30	31	Christmas/Hanukkah			
When on a ladder, remember and practice the <i>belt buckle rule</i> .	Flammable and combustible materials should be minimized.	Know your responsibility in every emergency situation. New Year's Eve				



Responses

The purpose of this calendar is to provide management with a daily safety topic that can be discussed at morning or shift change meetings. The idea behind the calendar is repetitive training. However, some of the topics may be new and of great value to management and associates. Management may help verify the correct response to daily conditions by regularly training workers on these topics.

Not every possible scenario is listed on the calendar. The situations that are listed are those we know may commonly occur that might affect the safety and security of associates and the general public. These topics repeat every few months.

		January April July October
Day	Statement	Response
1	Know where the emergency eyewash stations/drenching facilities are located and how to use them.	In any area where chemicals are located, where a splash to the eyes or on the body could occur, emergency eyewash stations and drenching facilities need to be located within 10 seconds access time. Know where they are located, confirm they are accessible and make sure you know how to use them. Remember, you will need to flush for a minimum of 15 minutes or until the burning stops. For eye splashes, make sure you know how to hold your eyes open under flowing water.
2	Buckle up when traveling to and from work.	It is as important to be safe off the job as on it. One of the greatest opportunities for severe injury is when traveling to and from work by vehicle. In fact, motor vehicle accidents are the leading cause of accidental death for individuals aged 1 to 34. Seat belts provide the greatest protection against occupant ejection. * Ejection from a vehicle generally causes the most severe injuries in a crash. * 75% of the occupants who are ejected from vehicles are killed (NHTSA). * Seat belts need to be used even if the vehicle is equipped with air bags. An air bag inflates and deflates in a matter of seconds. If there is a secondary crash, you have no restraint protection. * Seat belts lessen the impact of air bags on vehicle occupants.
3	All accidents must be reported within 24 hours.	All associates and temporary workers should have received training regarding the company requirement to report claims to their supervisor or the senior manager on duty immediately.
4	What is the proper way to lift a carton/object?	When lifting cartons or objects: stand with your feet apart for good balance, with shoulders and hips aligned, bend at your knees, not your waist. Maintain the natural curve in your back. When lifting, let your leg muscles do the work. Keep the load you are lifting close to your body to ease the pressure on your spine. Turn with your feet; do not twist the trunk of your body. When you set the load down, squat down slowly by bending your knees.
5	Non-DC employees should not be allowed to enter unless	They have been issued a temporary contractor or visitor badge and/or escorted by an employee. Unauthorized individuals attempting to enter the DC must be reported to management immediately.
6	Are all stairwells clear and free of obstruction?	Inspect emergency stairwells to make certain they are clear and passable in the event of an evacuation. Fire stairwells should be free of storage and properly illuminated.



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7	Lacerations by box cutters are common in many industries	Getting a cut from a box cutter is usually the result of an unsafe act. Following certain actions may reduce the frequency of box cutter related injuries. * Use an appropriate box cutter with safety features. * Always make sure the box you are cutting is stable. * Make certain your opposite hand is not in the cutting area. * Always cut away from yourself and others with any cutting tool. * In some situations, the use of cut-resistant gloves may be a safe option to reduce lacerations.
8	When beginning work on order pickers (aka cherry pickers) and related high reach/lift equipment	Operators must always secure their safety harnesses and tethers. To avoid serious injury, operators should never disconnect their fall protection while operating an order picker. Serious injuries and fatalities occur when order pickers fail to use their fall protection or disconnect their fall protection when working at different levels. Only when the unit has been turned off and no longer in operation should an order picker disconnect their fall protection.
9	They say hindsight is a perfect science	However, having foresight can prevent incidents. Do your part in reporting hazards promptly.
10	Taking shortcuts can lead to accidents.	Disregarding safe practices is not going to save enough time to make a significant difference. However, any accident or injury is guaranteed to have an effect.
11	When do I report an injury or accident to my supervisor?	Report all incidents immediately to your supervisor and staffing company representative (if applicable).
12	Before you begin to lift an object	First, ask yourself if it is safe to perform a lifting task without help. If you answer yes, stand close to the object, bend down at the knees, straddle it, get a good grip, and lift with your legs while keeping your back straight. If the item appears too heavy or bulky, use a mechanical device (e.g., hand cart, pallet jack) or ask a co-worker to help you lift the item.
13	Do all electrical outlets have secure face plates?	Electrical outlets should have covers in place to prevent associates or visitors from touching exposed electrical wiring and being shocked. Conditions noted should be corrected immediately.
14	Text messaging or talking on a cell phone while driving is classified as distracted driving.	Text messaging or talking on a cell phone while driving is classified as distracted driving and illegal in most states. Many accidents, including fatal ones, occur each day because drivers are texting or talking on a cell phone. Avoid these two potentially deadly distractions while driving. While hands-free phone use may be better than holding the phone, it still takes your mind off the driving task, which could result in a crash.
15	Make sure to keep working areas clean to prevent slips, trips, and falls.	In order to prevent slips, trips and falls, everyone should do their part to keep all walking and working surfaces safe. If you see a slip, trip, or fall exposure, take action as necessary to correct the exposure, if possible, or report the issue to your supervisor.
16	Never defeat a safety device	Tampering with safety devices creates an unnecessary exposure for anyone working around equipment. Removing safety guards or covers or bypassing safety switches leads to increased risk of serious injury. Report violations of this nature to management for investigation.



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17	Forklifts, and other powered material handling equipment, must be checked at the beginning of each shift (brake, horns, steering, fire extinguisher and other controls for proper operation).	Powered material handling equipment (forklifts, high-reach lifts, etc.) should be inspected at the beginning of each shift using a Daly Vehicle Inspection Report (DVIR). Any forklift that needs repaired must be taken out of operation until the repair is completed.
18	Report damage to ladders immediately; never use damaged ladders.	Using damaged ladders is a recipe for disaster. When you least expect it, the ladder will fail, and the resultant injury may be severe. Before use, inspect ladders for cracks, bent or missing rungs, etc. Do not load ladders beyond their maximum manufacturer's rated capacity, which includes the total weight of the climber, tools, supplies, and other objects placed upon the ladder. When purchasing a ladder for work or home, remember to buy a properly rated ladder that is the right size and type for the intended use. Ladder ratings are created by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and the current rating of ladders is as follows:
		* Special Duty (Type I-AA): 375 pounds* Extra Heavy Duty (Type I-A): 300 pounds
		* Extra rieavy Duty (Type I-A). 300 pounds * Heavy Duty (Type I): 250 pounds
		* Medium Duty (Type II): 225 pounds
		* Light Duty (Type III): 200 pounds
		Type I-A and I-AA ladders are recommended for home use.
		If purchasing a one, two or three-step stepladder, ensure the ladder has a protective railing on the front to prevent falls due to loss of balance.
19	Your company has an emergency plan.	Periodically review your emergency plan with management and associates and be aware of what steps to follow in an emergency. Remind them that some of these plans are also applicable when not at work (e.g., know two ways to get out of your home, a theater, a restaurant, etc. if there is a fire, active shooter, etc.)
20	Are all fire extinguishers fully charged and easily accessible?	Inspect fire extinguishers monthly, at least, to determine if they are fully charged, properly mounted, easily accessible, and clearly marked in the event of a fire. Each fire extinguisher should have an inspection tag attached indicating it has been inspected by a licensed fire extinguisher company in the past year.
21	Protect your hearing, always.	Hearing loss occurs so gradually (even in intense exposures) that by the time you notice it, irreversible damage has already occurred. If your hearing protection is uncomfortable see your supervisor about other types of protection that fits you correctly and comfortably.
22	Forklift safety fact	Never leave a forklift unattended on dock plate/boards, a trailer or in the aisle in the building.
23	Use good judgment and take action to eliminate unsafe acts!	Most injuries are the result of an unsafe act instead of an unsafe condition. Your actions can help to minimize unsafe acts, which can help prevent you from being injured.
		For example, use good judgment and if an item is too heavy to lift, use a mechanical assist or co-worker to help lift it.
24	Document non-functional lights and repair ASAP!	Lights that are not functional can be a safety and security liability and should be restored as soon as possible.
		Lights include emergency exit lights, battery-powered emergency evacuation lights, and any light inside or outside of the building.
		Emergency evacuation lights should be tested monthly (hold the test button for 30 seconds) and annually (disconnect the light from the power supply for 90 minutes) to verify the batteries are still holding a charge.



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25	Good shoes are essential to a good safety program.	Shoes should be closed toe and appropriate for the floor surfaces in your establishment. Slip-resistant soles can be beneficial on some floor surface types and operations. Depending on the job, steel toes may be required before starting work.	
26	Report missing fire extinguishers.	A missing fire extinguisher may be the exact one needed during a fire.	
27	Why wear safety shoes?	Safety shoes can prevent serious injuries at very little cost compared to similar non-protective footwear. For essentially pennies a day over the life of the average safety shoe, an employee is protected from a variety of workplace hazards.	
28	Do not take shortcuts!	If you are injured, the minute you saved may cost you days, weeks, or months of recovery time.	
29	Fire extinguishers, sprinkler risers, and fire alarm equipment.	Fire extinguishers, sprinkler risers, and fire alarm equipment should be readily accessible. A general rule would be to keep storage 36 inches away from this equipment.	
30	Proper extension cord use is important in preventing slips, trips, and falls.	The Consumer Product Safety Commission estimates that each year, about 4,000 injuries associated with electric extension cords are treated in hospital emergency rooms. Half the injuries involve fractures, lacerations, contusions, or sprains from people tripping over extension cords. Thirteen percent involve children under five years of age; electrical burns to the mouth accounted for half the injuries to young children. They estimate 3,300 residential fires originate in extension cords each year, killing 50 people and injuring about 270 others. The most frequent causes of such fires are short circuits, overloading, damage, and/or misuse of extension cords. Be sure to read the attached disclaimer tag next time you use an extension cord.	
31	Are switches in electrical panels properly labeled?	Circuit breaker switches in electrical panels should be labeled to indicate the area each switch controls so they can be quickly identified in the event of an emergency. Electrical panels should also be inspected to confirm there are no open holes where circuit breakers have been removed. Open circuit breaker holes create exposure to electrical shock and should be reported to management immediately for resolution.	

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1	Equipment powered by air, gas, electricity, or other energy sources should be locked out and/or tagged out before work on that equipment begins.	What is the Energy Control Procedure? This OSHA standard, sometimes referred to as Lockout/Tagout, covers the servicing and maintenance of machines and equipment in which the unexpected energization or startup of the machines or equipment, or release of stored energy; could cause injury to employees. This standard establishes minimum performance requirements for the control of such hazardous energy. OSHA Standard 1910.147
2	Cardboard baler safety	Many fatalities with balers are the result of employees climbing into the plunger area. With some units, the additional weight of the employee causes the plunger to automatically activate when the power is not shut off and the equipment is not properly locked out.
3	Keep storage away from electrical panels.	A small fire can shut down large sections of the building if the fire affects the electrical panel. Do not store items within 36 inches of the panel(s).



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4	A minimum width of 36 inches must be maintained in all exit pathways.	To ensure adequate exit pathways, 36 inches of walking space is a bare minimum. Keep storage out of the pathways.
5	Correct or report slip, trip, and fall hazards.	Slips, trips, and falls are the most common accidents in America. Every effort should be made to eliminate these hazards. Correct or report poor housekeeping situations immediately. Contact a Zurich risk engineer for a RiskTopic on this subject.
6	Powered material handling equipment and industrial vehicles require caution for operators and pedestrians.	When operating forklifts and material handling equipment, always pay attention to your surroundings to avoid hitting pedestrians (co-workers, visitors), other equipment operators, and property (e.g., storage racks). While pedestrians should walk in designated areas and never approach a driver unless it is safe to do so, this does not always occur, and you should watch out for these types of actions. Always exercise extreme caution when operating forklifts and material handling equipment. Pedestrians should walk in designated areas and never approach a driver unless it is safe to do so.
7	Before an incident occurs, post emergency numbers.	 Remember that: Not all communities are covered by a 911 service, so do not assume that dialing 911 will reach the emergency service provider. Many business phone systems require dialing a leading digit (often '9') to get an outside line - dialing only 9-1-1 will get no response. In larger facilities it may be necessary to call for help through Security so that the officers can meet the responders and lead them to the correct location. Train all managers and associates on communication protocols and emergency response.
8	Ensure adequate clearance (at least 18 inches) for materials stored near sprinkler heads to permit proper functioning of the system.	There should not be any storage within 18 inches of sprinkler heads in the warehouse. If storage is blocking sprinkler heads and a fire starts, it will take a great deal longer for the heads to activate, which will allow the fire to grow. This may hinder visitors and employees from safely evacuating a given area of the building. Sprinkler heads that are inadvertently painted should also be identified and replaced by a licensed fire protection professional. Certain commodities and special sprinkler heads may require additional clearance. For example, 36 inches of clearance from sprinkler heads is required for rubber tire storage. The authority having jurisdiction may also set more demanding standards. NFPA 13, has more details regarding sprinkler head clearance.
9	When you have an object to lift that is too heavy or bulky, get help!	Ask a co-worker for assistance. Remember, two backs are stronger than one!
10	What is the two-person approach to slip, trip, or fall prevention?	Many times, a spill or trip hazard will be observed that cannot be immediately corrected. With a two-person approach, one associate stays in an unsafe condition while the other obtains the proper assistance, cleanup materials, caution signs, or barriers to keep visitors or associates away from the hazard.
11	DC Safety inspections are not complete until they are documented.	In the event of an accident, fire or other emergency, part of the defense of the DC's actions is the documentation of training, preventative maintenance, and inspections related to safety; if you 'document it', you can prove you did it.



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12	Misuse of chemicals or cleaning agents can be dangerous.	The World Health Organization (WHO) says: Chemicals are part of our daily life. All living and inanimate matter is made up of chemicals, and virtually every manufactured product involves the use of chemicals. Many chemicals can, when properly used, significantly contribute to the improvement of our quality of life, health, and well-being. But other chemicals are highly hazardous and can negatively affect our health and environment when improperly managed. Pay attention to your Hazard Communication training: * Wear your PPE. * Make sure chemicals are properly stored and labeled.
13	When you work with chemicals, you have a right to know	For each hazardous chemical you work with, you need to understand the safety and health hazards, as well as know proper precautions to take to keep yourself and others safe. If you have any questions about a product you work with, you should review the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).
14	Do you know where materials are located to clean up spills or debris?	Be familiar with the location of materials to clean up spills. If Spill Response Stations are not utilized, train associates to be aware of the location of materials such as paper towels, absorbent materials, window cleaner and a broom and dustpan, should there be a need to clean up spills or debris that may have fallen on the floor. Inventory Spill Response Stations or other spill cleanup materials weekly to make certain that your location is properly stocked.
15	Exit signs with arrows should correctly reflect the direction of travel to exit the building.	There have been several deaths in fires because the arrows on the exit signs indicated an incorrect direction of travel. Little things matter.
16	Fire extinguisher basics.	Use a fire extinguisher only if it is completely safe to do so. Make sure you have a clear path to the exit in case the extinguisher is not effective. If there is any danger at all from fire, smoke, fumes, or extreme heat, leave the area immediately and follow emergency protocols for a fire.
17	A key to preventing eye incidents is to always wear the proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when required.	Eye protection is one of the most critical Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) devices that you can wear at work or at home. Safety glasses should be worn any time there is a risk of injury to your eyes.
18	Pallets should be maintained in good, safe operating condition.	Poorly maintained and damaged pallets could lead to materials falling off the racks and causing property damage and serious or fatal injuries. Ensure a plan is in place to monitor pallet storage frequently during the day. The unsafe conditions noted should be corrected immediately.
19	Do not jump out of or climb through dock doors.	Use designated employee stairways to enter or exit the building to avoid injury.
20	Are all electrical panels properly covered?	Serviced electrical panels are sometimes not restored to a safe condition by the service representative. Inspect electrical panels at least monthly to make certain the covers and all protective pieces to the panels have been properly placed back on the equipment. Confirm all electrical circuitry is covered. The unsafe conditions noted should be corrected immediately by a licensed electrician.



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21	What is safety accountability?	Safety accountability is a culture in which everyone, management, and associates, is accountable for safety - their own and their coworkers'. Do not ignore an unsafe act or an unsafe condition. With either issue, notify the appropriate manager, or correct or eliminate the unsafe condition.
22	Take extra precautions when taking fire protection systems out of service.	Notify the proper authorities to avoid a delayed alarm. Notify the alarm company, fire department, insurance carrier, and corporate safety department or other designated corporate representative before taking the system out of service. Minimizing hazards and delaying hazardous operations (hot work, etc.) while the fire
		alarm or sprinkler system is out of service, makes good sense. Maintain a fire watch until the fire protection system has been restored. Call all parties back when the system has been put back in service.
23	Why do we have safety meetings?	Safety meetings are a perfect opportunity for you to communicate any safety ideas or concerns that you may have. Participate in your safety meetings. If you do not participate, your ideas will not be heard.
24	Never climb racking or step onto elevated racking.	Warehouse racks are not designed for or intended to be used as climbing, walking, or working surface. Do not allow order picker operators to step on rack supports or wire mesh decking. Serious fall injuries can occur.
25	We should wear our Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).	Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be worn anytime there is a risk of injury, including when working around the home. For example: * Mowing the lawn * Using power tools * Sharpening blades * Etc.
26	Be aware of skylights on roofs so that you do not fall through them.	Every year falls through skylights occur in the United States. Skylights on roofs are not constructed to hold a significant amount of weight and should be covered with gridding that can withstand 200 pounds of weight or force when tested. Signing and standard guardrails can be added to skylight areas in place of gridding to prevent these serious and normally fatal falls. Contractors and employees should be advised not to walk or sit on skylights. Snow removal crews should be made aware of any skylights they may encounter during the snow removal process. Additional information on this topic can be obtained by searching NIOSH and Skylights.
27	Confirm sprinkler systems are tested.	Sprinkler systems can be very intimidating to untrained personnel. Those not trained should rely on licensed fire protection representatives to perform required testing. Additional information can be found in the NFPA 25 standard and from your Zurich Risk Engineer.
28	Are you prepared for emergencies?	Real life emergencies can be a reality. A good start is to train management and associates annually (and during orientation) on the company emergency action plan. Employee training should always include what to do in the event of an emergency,
		such as a fire, weather, or workplace violence.
29	Please use the handrails when using stairs and steps.	When climbing or descending steps or stairs, be sure to use handrails. In the event you trip or step on a foreign object or substance, the grip of the rail could prevent you from falling and seriously injuring yourself.



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30 Fire extinguisher basics: use the <i>PASS</i>		Pull the pin.
	system to put out the fire.	Aim the extinguisher nozzle at the base of the fire.
		Squeeze or press the handle.
		Sweep from side to side slowly at the base of the fire until it goes out.
		Remember to never endanger yourself. If the fire is too large to put out, sound the alarm immediately, and follow evacuation protocols.
31	Wheels must be chocked, or trailer restraints engaged at all times during the loading/unloading of trailers.	All trailers must be chocked or trailer restraints engaged during the time they are being loaded/unloaded. Copper-alloy, aluminum, or durable rubber chocks, at least 8 inches (width and length), are acceptable chocks to use in loading dock operations. Chocks must be snug against the front of the back tandems - pieces of lumber, concrete blocks, etc., are NEVER to be used as wheel chocks.

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1	What does <i>building a bridge</i> mean regarding back safety?	You may occasionally bend over to pick up a piece of paper or other debris or items on the floor or ground. When you do, be sure to <i>build a bridge</i> . This simply means to support your upper body (which weighs significantly more than your lower body). This can be accomplished by placing one hand on your knee or inner thigh or on a stable item, such as a table or counter. This support of your upper body will lower the risk of injuring your lower back. In many industries, strains and over exertion injuries remain one of the top workers' compensation causes of loss.
2	Bloodborne pathogens: what are Universal Precautions?	The term <i>Universal Precautions</i> means you assume that (regarding bloodborne pathogens) everything is potentially contaminated. Always take proper precautions and follow the bloodborne pathogen safety guidance when treating or handling an injured worker.
3	Use proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when watering forklift or industrial truck batteries.	When changing forklift or truck batteries, protective aprons, gloves, goggles, and face shields are required for filling forklift batteries.
4	AEDs - what do you know about them?	According to the American Heart Association Facts on Sudden Cardiac Arrest published in December 2009, there are more than 295,000 occurrences of sudden cardiac arrest (SCA) each year and most of them are fatal. A victim's chances of survival are reduced 7-10% for every minute that passes without treatment. According to medical experts, the key to survival is timely initiation of a <i>chain of survival</i> , including CPR and early defibrillation. The availability of a working Automated External Defibrillator (AED) and a trained person to use it could be very valuable in helping save lives. Contact a Zurich risk engineer for a risk topic on this subject.
5	Report damage to ladders immediately; do not use damaged ladders.	Using damaged ladders is a sure recipe for disaster. When you least expect it, the ladder will fail, and the resultant injury may be severe. Portable ladders must be inspected before the first use on each shift. An inspection tag on each ladder is a good way to ensure this is done.



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6	Do you know what an 'SDS' is?	SDS (Safety Data Sheets) explain the hazards of the chemicals you work with, the necessary precautions to take when using them, and as first aid procedures when exposure occurs. SDS for chemicals should be readily available to all personnel in work areas where the chemicals are present. Information on SDS use is part of the company's Hazard Communication program, an OSHA requirement. Remember, never use a chemical unless you understand possible hazards of use and ensure the container is properly labeled.
7	How you respond can make all the difference, when investigating accidents and injuries.	 When investigating accidents and injuries: Respond in a timely manner to the scene. Treat everyone fairly and with respect. Do not move the injured person unless it is safe to do so, or the person's life is in danger. If there is any doubt, management should call emergency services or 911. Follow established protocols. Provide injured workers and visitors with necessary post-accident information. Accident reports are confidential documents and copies should not be provided to unauthorized persons. Do not make inappropriate comments or place blame on anyone at the accident scene.
8	Check compactors to confirm all safety controls are in place.	Compactor accidents do not happen with great frequency, but they are frequently tragic. Dead-man type switches and door interlocks should be operable. Every year in the United States, workers are killed or seriously injured when using powered equipment such as compactors. Fatalities normally occur when workers attempt to service the equipment and fail to shut off the power and properly lockout and tagout the equipment. Only authorized and properly trained individuals should ever attempt to service a compactor.
9	Do not let a near miss go unreported.	Failure to report a near miss provides an opportunity for a serious accident to occur. A near miss is an incident in which someone could have gotten hurt. Management and associates need to evaluate or investigate the incident and put a plan in place to make certain another near miss or actual loss does not occur.
10	Conveyor Safety	Conveyors should never be operated unless all safeguards are in place. Employees should remember the following rules: * Keep all body parts away from the moving conveyor. * No sitting, standing, leaning on, or riding on conveyors. * Never jump over or crawl under a conveyor. * Never wear loose clothing, jewelry, etc. that could get caught in the conveyor. * Never attempt to repair or unjam any part of the conveyor system without first stopping the conveyor. * Know the location of emergency cords or shut-off devices in an emergency or system problem.
11	Immediately clean up any spills on the floor that could cause someone to slip and fall.	If immediate cleanup is not possible, clearly mark or barricade the hazard and report it to maintenance, your supervisor, or another responsible associate.



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12	Lockout/tagout-affected employees.	Never take shortcuts when it comes to industrial safety. Properly lockout and tagout equipment as required before performing repairs or needed servicing. Serious injuries can occur, such as amputations, de-gloving, or electrical shock.
		Inform affected workers in regard to the activity being performed. Ensure that authorized employees are trained in lockout/tagout procedures and know to not remove the lock or tag that has been applied.
13	Why do my shoulders ache after a hard day at work?	Are you practicing good posture? Although there may be other reasons for your shoulder ache, lack of proper posture is often the root cause. Lack of good upper body strength to safely perform your job duties may also be a contributing factor.
		Consider the value of daily stretching as a key component of injury prevention.
14	Keep your work area clean and orderly.	Good housekeeping is integral to a pleasant and safe place to work. All employees must do their part to keep their work area clean and orderly. During an emergency, clear exit and travel paths are essential to everyone's safety.
15	Anticipate Risk: A key phrase in accident prevention.	By anticipating what could happen, it is possible to take safety steps to prevent an accident.
16	First aid kits/First aid logs.	First aid kits should be supplied based on the number of employees working at the location. The kit or kits should contain an adequate supply of first aid supplies that are routinely audited to verify kits are clean and adequately stocked. Bulk tubes of first aid creams, bottles of hydrogen peroxide or used eyewash bottles should not be part of the kit as they can become contaminated after one use. Use only single packet cut cleaners, antibiotic packets, etc. Confirm there are no medications in the kits.
		Utilize a First Aid Log to document first aid kit use. In the event a minor cut or injury requires a doctor's visit, the log can be referred to when filling out a claim report.
17	Snow and ice control.	Reasonable care should be taken to ensure walking surfaces are properly cleaned and salted during and after a snowfall.
		 Employees or contractors responsible for snow removal should ensure exterior steps and ramps are thoroughly cleaned and salt or other abrasives added as needed.
		 Management and employees should monitor walking surfaces and ensure action is taken when unacceptable snow and ice removal standards are noted.
		 Parking lots, sidewalks and other exterior walking surfaces should be monitored for black ice and the exposure reported, protected, and/or treated with salt/ abrasives.
		 Entrance mats or runners should extend 15 feet into the building to permit customers and employees to rid their shoes of moisture.
		 Entrances should be closely monitored during inclement weather and water noted and cleaned up immediately to reduce slip-and-fall incidents.
		* Wet floor signs should be utilized to give customers and employees notice that the walking surface may be wet. Signs should be placed to the side of main walking aisles to prevent them from becoming a trip hazard.
		Please be sure to use handrails when climbing or descending steps or stairs. In the event you trip or step on a foreign object or substance, the grip of the rail could reduce your exposure to falling.
18	Pallet safety	Everyone should do his or her part to control unsafe pallet storage. Powered industrial truck operators should never place a defective pallet with storage in overhead racking. Employees noting unsafe storage should notify their supervisor or the appropriate manager as soon as possible to correct the unsafe condition. Routine procedures should be in place to monitor pallet storage periodically during the day.



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19	Secure compressed gas cylinders to prevent them from falling over, injuring people, and possibly becoming an unguided missile.	Gas cylinders (helium, oxygen, etc.) are heavy and can easily crush the bones in a foot. They also have the potential to become missiles if the valve is broken off accidentally (some have more than 1000 lbs. of stored pressure). Remember, there is no such thing as an empty cylinder. Always secure cylinders. Chains, cables, or brackets should fit snuggly against the top one-third of the cylinders to prevent them from falling.
20	You receive a bomb threat. What do you do?	Know your procedures and responsibilities for all emergency events!
21	An uncluttered distribution center shows respect for those who visit and work there.	Make sure all managers and associates are trained to never walk by an unsafe act or unsafe condition.
22	The handling of empty pallets may seem like a routine job, but do not be fooled!	In doing this type of work, you perform certain acts that can easily result in injuries if safety precautions are not taken. * Never stand pallets on end. This can result in a struck-by injury. * Do not stack pallets more than 6 feet high. * Use a team lift on heavy or oversized pallets.
23	Do you know where the closest fire extinguisher is located and how to use it?	Fire extinguishers should be clearly visible to all personnel. Employees should understand how to operate an extinguisher effectively, unless the company policy dictates only designated personnel are authorized to use them. What does your policy say?
24	Stretch and flex to prevent accidents.	Whether stretching and flexing is part of your requirements to perform at work or something you should do regularly after hours in order to maintain your overall fitness, both are important components of work injury prevention.
25	Remember that there is no smoking in the workplace.	There is a reason for no smoking in the workplace. Most states forbid smoking due to health and fire hazards.
26	Oh, my aching back!	If you go home each night with a backache, it is up to you to ask what might be causing it. Are you lifting too much weight? Are you putting yourself in awkward positions? There are many possible causes of back pain, both work- related and non-work-related. It is important that you investigate possible causes and seek solutions before it becomes unbearable.
27	Fire exits and aisles.	Fire exits and aisles should always be accessible and free of storage. A general rule would be to make certain the aisle heading to an emergency exit is as wide as the door opening or at least 36 inches. The Authority Having Jurisdiction may set more demanding aisle widths.
28	When choosing a box cutter, you need the right one for the job. Always use a safety-type box cutter.	Make sure employees are using box cutters that have modern safety features. For example, a safety cutter with a tape popper can cut the tape on boxes without engaging the blade, reducing the laceration exposure. Also, use a box cutter with a fully, automatic retractable or concealed blade to minimize exposure.
29	When on a ladder, remember and practice the <i>belt buckle rule</i> .	Never lean further than the center of your body or where a belt buckle is normally located when on a ladder. If you need to reach further, climb down, and move the ladder as needed to eliminate the risk of the ladder sliding and a serious fall occurring. Never stand on the top step of a ladder and never straddle one. Contact a Zurich risk engineer for a risk topic on this subject.



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30	Flammable and combustible materials should be minimized.	Reducing the amount of flammable and combustible materials minimizes the potential fire hazard presented by these materials. The fewer the better.
31	Know your responsibility in every emergency situation.	What would you do in the event of a * Fire? * Bomb threat? * Active shooter? * Weather event (flood, tornado, etc.)? * Power outage? * Serious employee accident? These may vary with different facilities.

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